

# Regional Business Cycle vs. National Business Cycle

How the Illinois Economy Responds to Shocks from the  
Nation and Surrounding States

*IEO Report 2003-5*

Presentation by the Illinois Economic Observatory

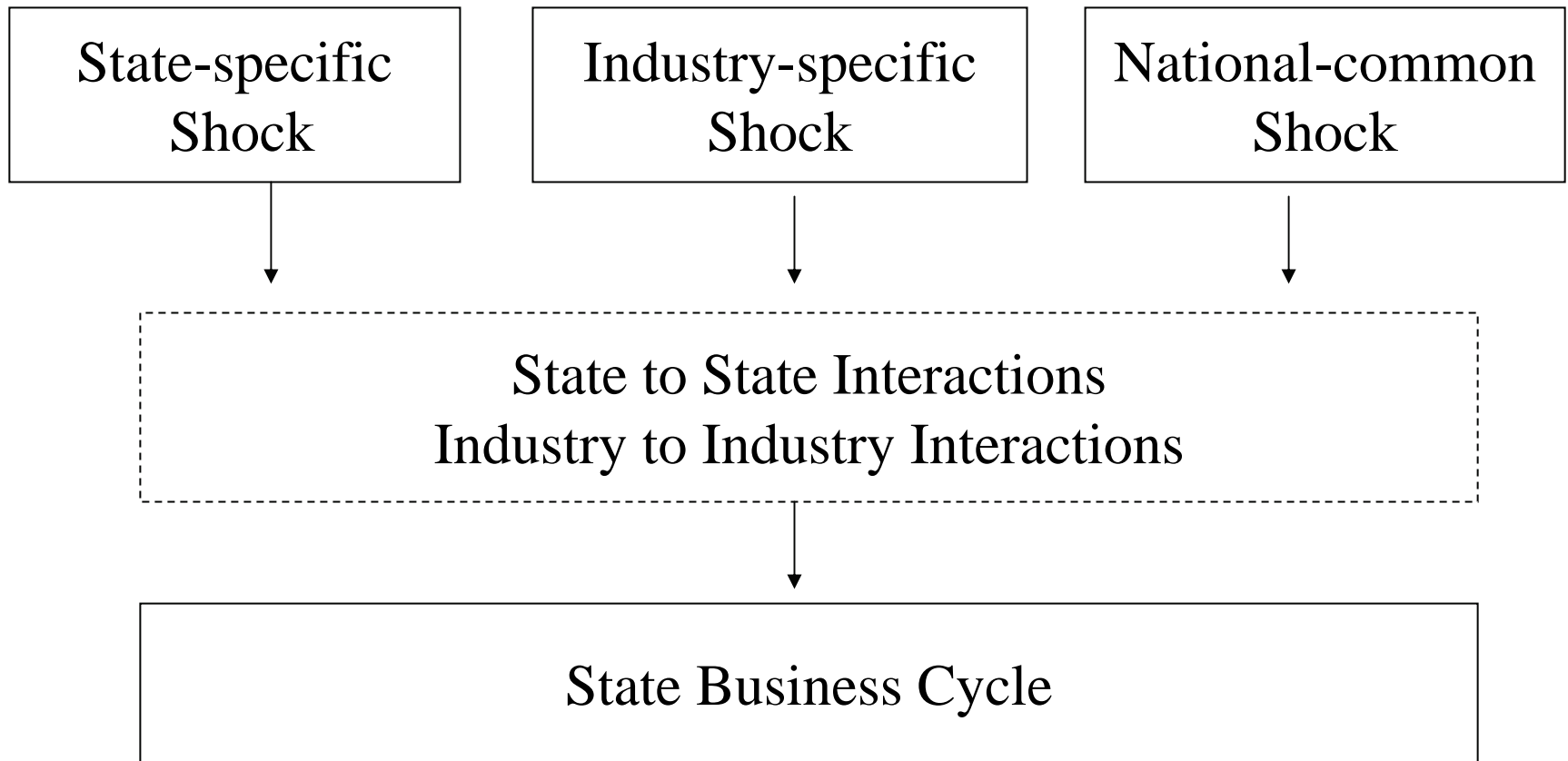


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# Introduction

- All economies are subject to business cycle fluctuations
- This report explores the impact of national and regional (other state) business cycles on the Illinois economy
- Analysis attempts to answer the question –
  - how does the Illinois economy respond to changes in
    - National cycles
    - Other state cycles

# Structure of Regional Business Cycle



## National Business Cycle vs. Regional Business Cycle

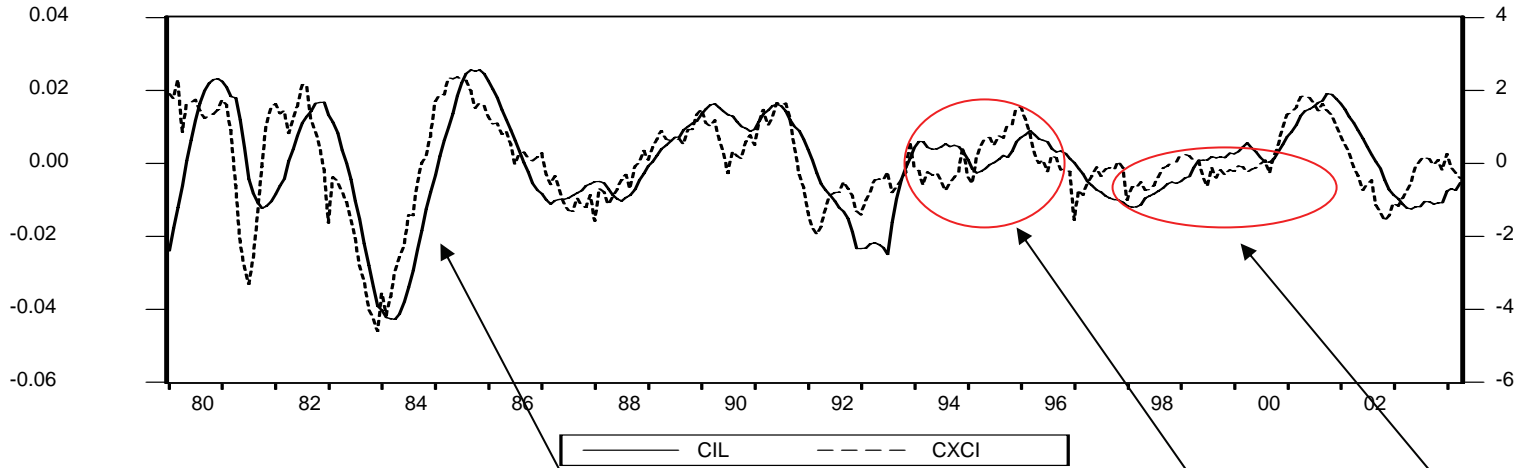
| Dominant Shock        | Results                    |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|
| National-common Shock | Similar cyclical pattern   |
| State-specific Shock  | Different cyclical pattern |

- The proportion of national shock to total variance: 66:34 (annual data), 49:51 (quarterly data). Residual is regional-specific shock

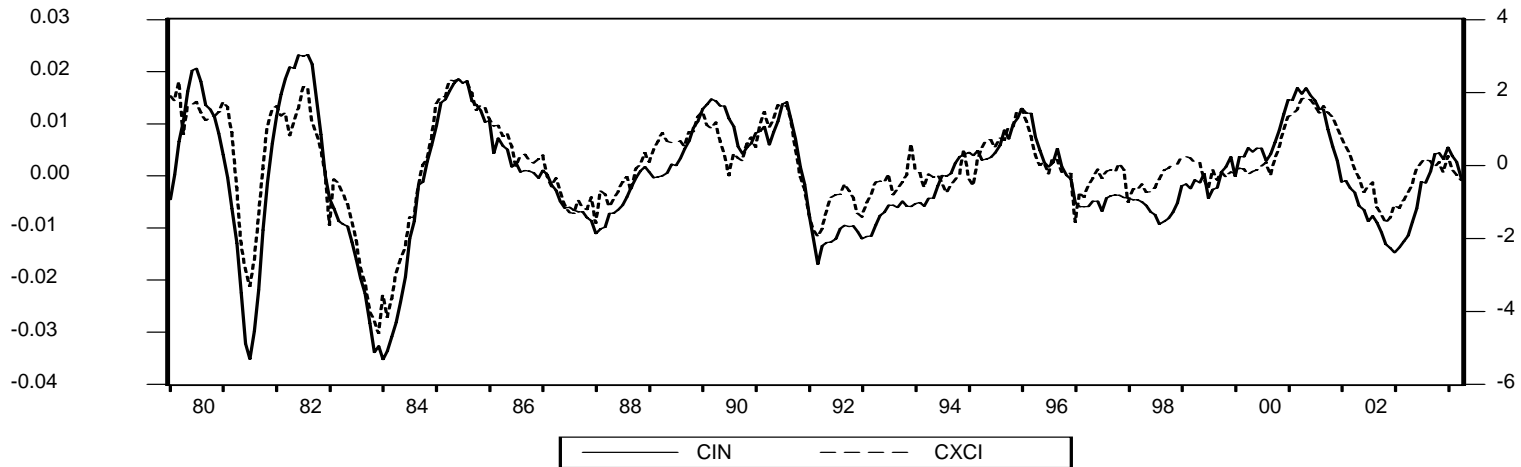
## Common Wisdom about Relationship Between State and National Cycle

- Around Turning Points: National and Regional Cycle Coincide with Each Other
- In the Middle of Expansion or Contraction: National and Regional Cycle Behave Differently
- Big State Leads Neighborhood States

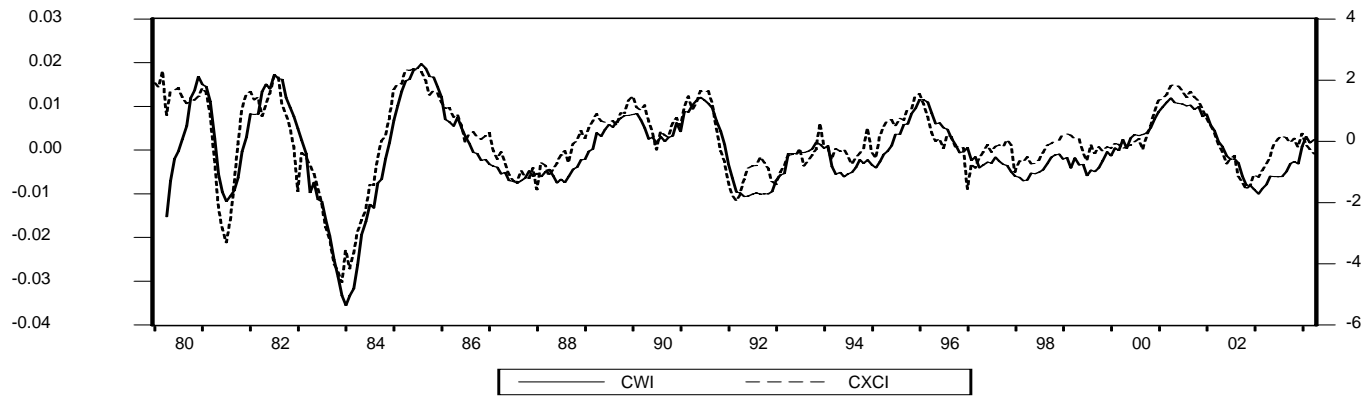
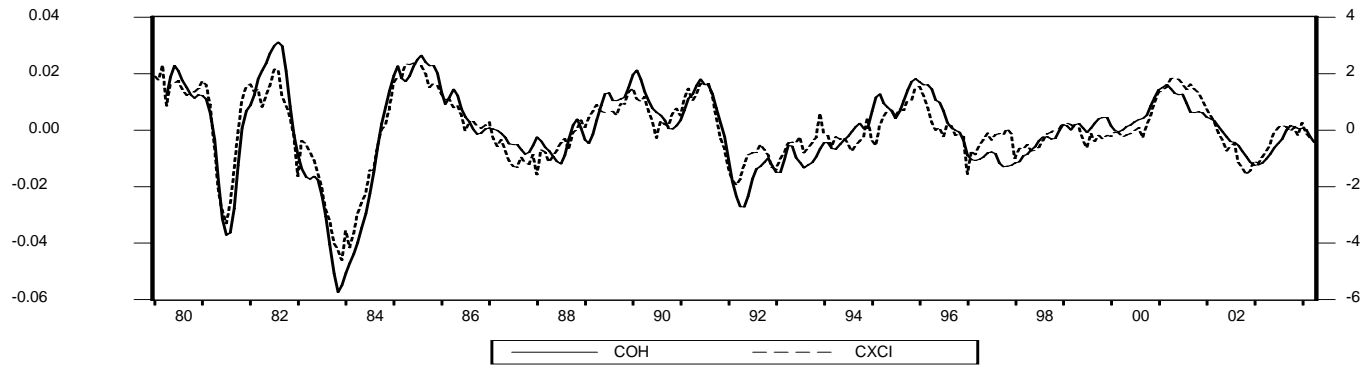
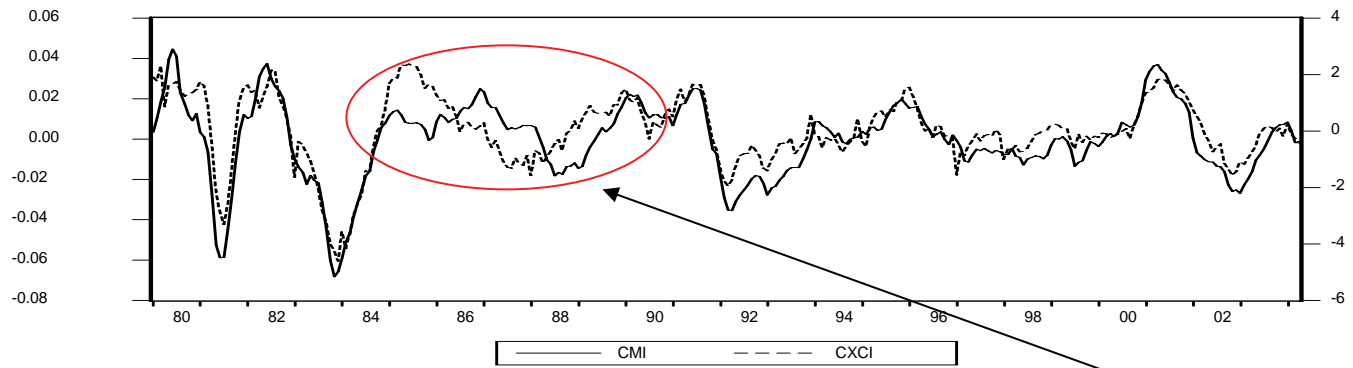
# Cyclical Part of Midwest States' Coincident Indexes



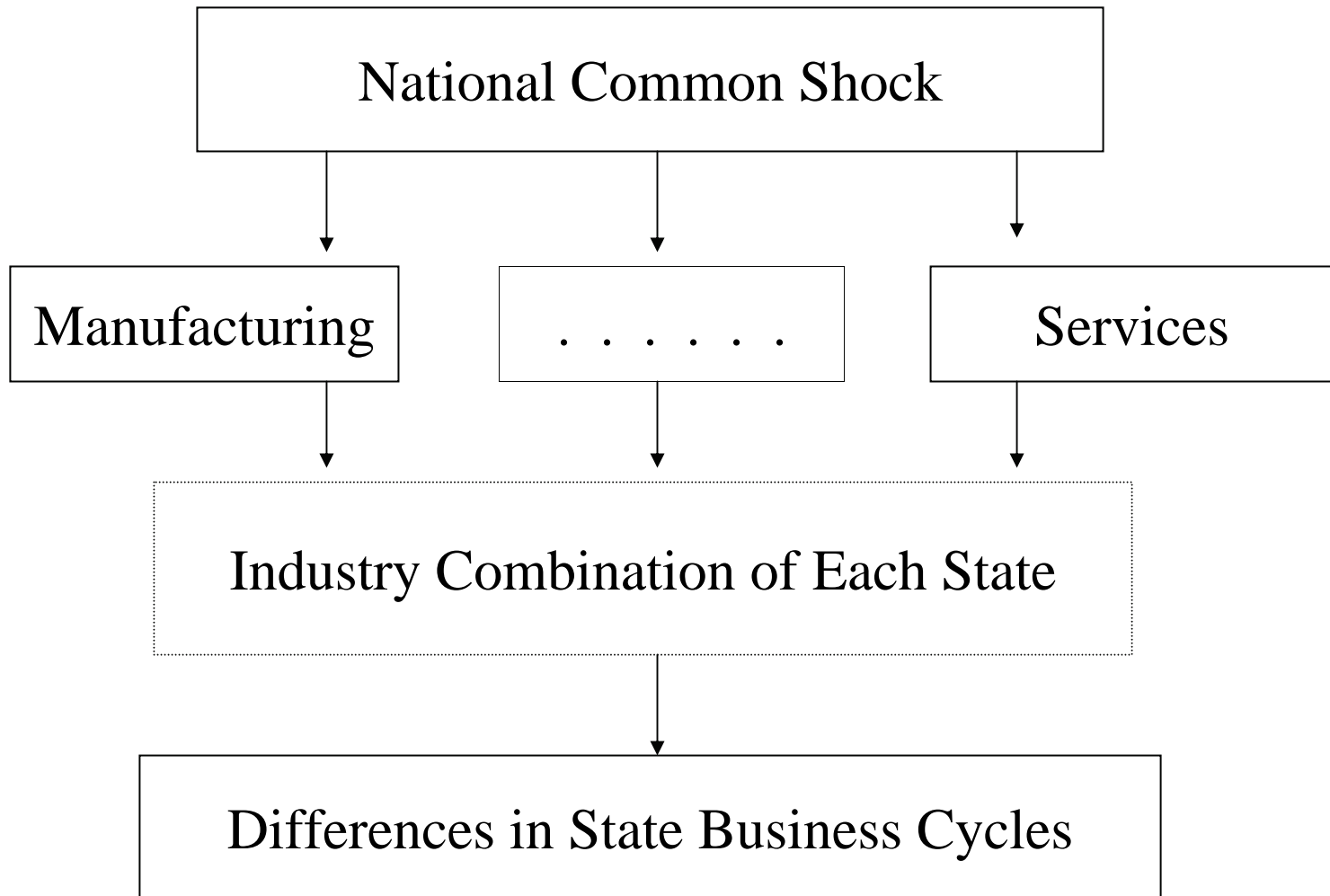
**Illinois:** lags national cycle 3-4 months; different behavior in middle expansion/contraction



**Indiana:** Coincides with national cycle



# Why does this happen?





## Industry Mix Effects

- Manufacturing sector reacts promptly to the national shock while services sector responds after a few months
- Hence, manufacturing-oriented state moves first and relatively service-oriented state follows
- Table shows Illinois structure more similar to US than Rest of Midwest
- Reinforces finding of IEO-2003-4 that major difference between Illinois and US is in growth rates not industrial composition

## Industry Mix Effects

- May also be a sequencing effect – value chain of production – as raw materials successively transformed into finished product
- States with establishments producing close-to-final product likely to move together with nation
- Hence: expect Michigan and Ohio to move with nation because of large number of auto assembly operations
- Illinois and Wisconsin move with some delay since they are primarily intermediate suppliers

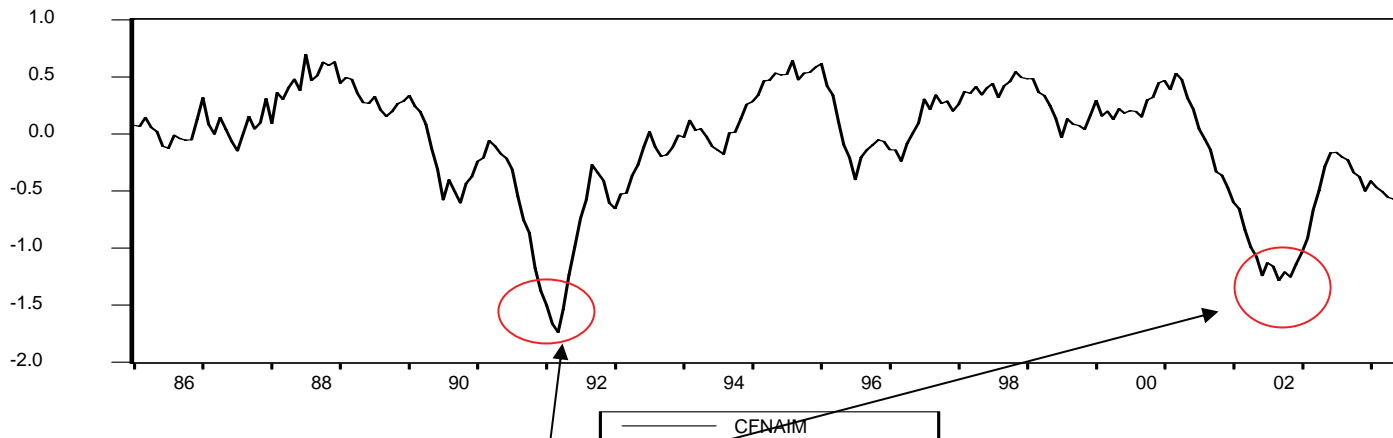
## Ratio of Industry Production to GSP (Base Year: 2000)

| Industry                   | Illinois | Indiana | Michigan | Ohio  | Wisconsin | U.S.  |
|----------------------------|----------|---------|----------|-------|-----------|-------|
| Agriculture, forest., fish | 0.89     | 1.16    | 0.89     | 0.93  | 1.64      | 1.36  |
| Construction               | 4.77     | 5.12    | 5.11     | 4.51  | 4.86      | 4.66  |
| Manufacturing              | 15.71    | 30.65   | 26.27    | 23.99 | 25.38     | 15.37 |
| TPU                        | 8.82     | 7.51    | 6.56     | 7.27  | 7.17      | 8.18  |
| Wholesale Trade            | 7.92     | 5.96    | 7.24     | 7.11  | 6.47      | 7.04  |
| Retail Trade               | 8.06     | 9.04    | 9.23     | 9.71  | 9.35      | 8.97  |
| FIRE                       | 20.73    | 13.23   | 14.27    | 16.36 | 15.81     | 19.99 |
| Services                   | 23.04    | 17.04   | 19.93    | 18.76 | 18.21     | 21.40 |

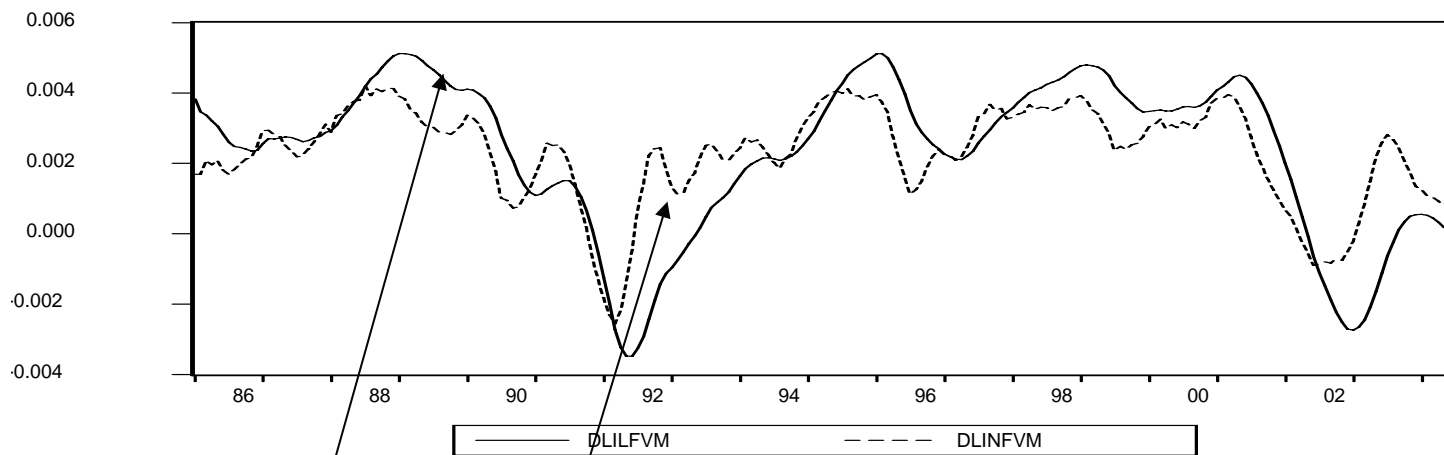
Illinois **manufacturing** share of Gross State Product much smaller than Rest of Midwest.

Illinois share of **FIRE** and **Services** much higher

# Dynamic Simulation with VAR Model



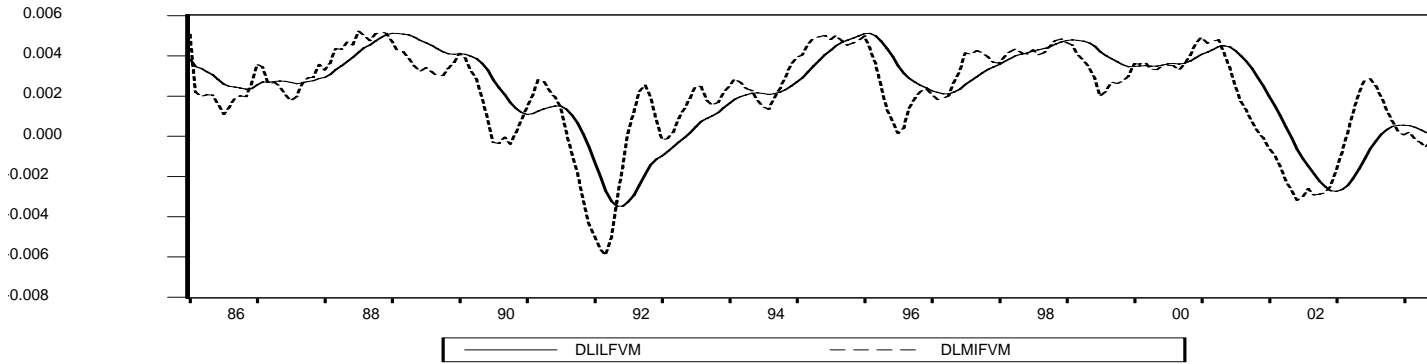
Recessions caused by national shock



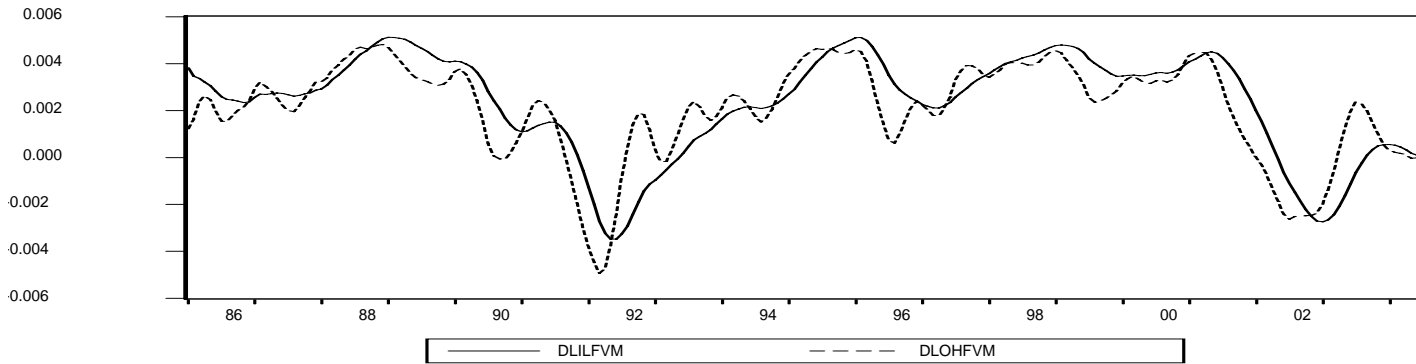
Illinois lags Indiana 3-4 months in response to national shock

# Business Cycles and the Illinois Economy

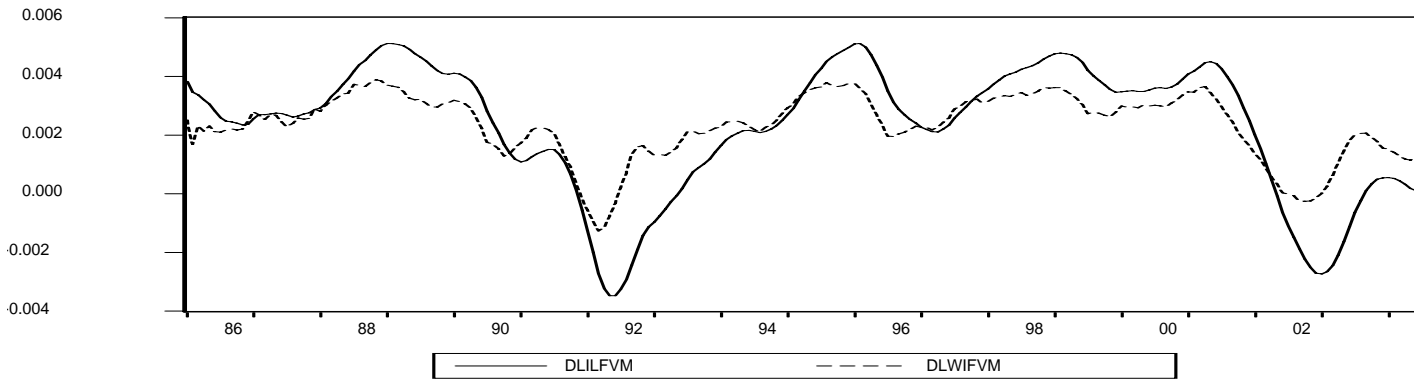
IE0-2003-5



Illinois lags  
Michigan 4-5  
months



Illinois lags  
Ohio 3-4  
months



Illinois lags  
Wisconsin 2-3  
months

Illinois - solid line: other state - dotted line

# Interpretation

- Illinois response lags other states
- If we decompose into sector effects, find that Illinois does affect other Midwest states
- Need to explore transmission effects of cycles on a state-sector basis – for example
  - How changes in auto production in Michigan affect fabricated metals production in Illinois and steel production in Indiana

# Implications

- Patterns of response very complicated – need more detailed analysis
- Divergence of the regional business cycle from the national one does not necessarily mean that there is a region-specific shock – may reflect different stages in chain of production linkages
- Attention should be directed to tracing the national shock and the corresponding changes in the region's industry composition